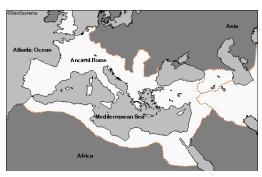
Where was Ancient Rome?

*Ancient Rome was a part of three different continents: __Europe_, __Africa__, and __Asia__.

*It was located next to the __Mediterranean Sea.

*It was called an **empire**



Rome today...

*Rome is a city on the country <u>Italy</u>.

*Italy is located on the continent of **Europe**.

*Italy is a <u>peninsula</u>.

(just like Greece) which is surrounded by

<u>water</u> on three sides.

*Rome is located on the **northern** and **__eastern**_ hemispheres.



Physical Characteristics

*Rome is next to a river called the **Tiber** River.

*Ancient Rome and Rome today has many hills and **mountains** .

*The soil was <u>rocky</u> and they did not have a lot of rich soil to plant.

*Ancient Rome had many different types of **trees** .

Vocabulary

Peninsula – water on three sides of land

Contribution – act of doing or giving something

Adaptation – ways to survive



Study Guide

Name:	
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Virginia SOL's covered:

- 3.1 The student will explain how the contributions of Ancient Rome have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, government (representative democracy), and sports.
- 3.4 The student will develop map skills by
 - a) locating Ancient Rome;
 - b) describing the physical and human characteristics of Rome;
 - explaining how the people of Rome adapted to and/or changed their environment to meet their needs.
- 3.7 The student will explain how producers in Ancient Rome used natural resources, human resources, and capital resources in the production of goods and services.
- 3.8 The student will recognize that because people and regions cannot produce everything they want, they specialize in what they do best and trade for the rest.

Natural Resources

Ancient Rome was located near the

Mediterranean Sea which is a

natural resource.

Because the soil was very rocky, they farmed on <u>hillsides</u> and made terraces.

Human Resources

People were producers. They farmed, built <u>roads</u> and ships, fished, made <u>pottery</u> and sculptures. They also traded to make a living.

Capital Resources

Ships and <u>roads</u> were Rome's capital resources.

Specialization

Ancient Romans specialized in building roads and ships, fishing, and trading.

Architecture

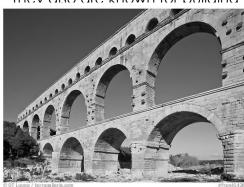
*The <u>Colosseum</u> is one of the greatest buildings still



*The Romans are famous for it's



*They also are known for building



Government

A Representative Democracy: A government in which <u>people</u> vote for a representative .

The representatives make the

<u>laws</u> and <u>rules</u>

that everyone must follow.

What kind of government do we have in the United States?

direct



Sports

Ancient Romans would send athletes to the **Olympics** .